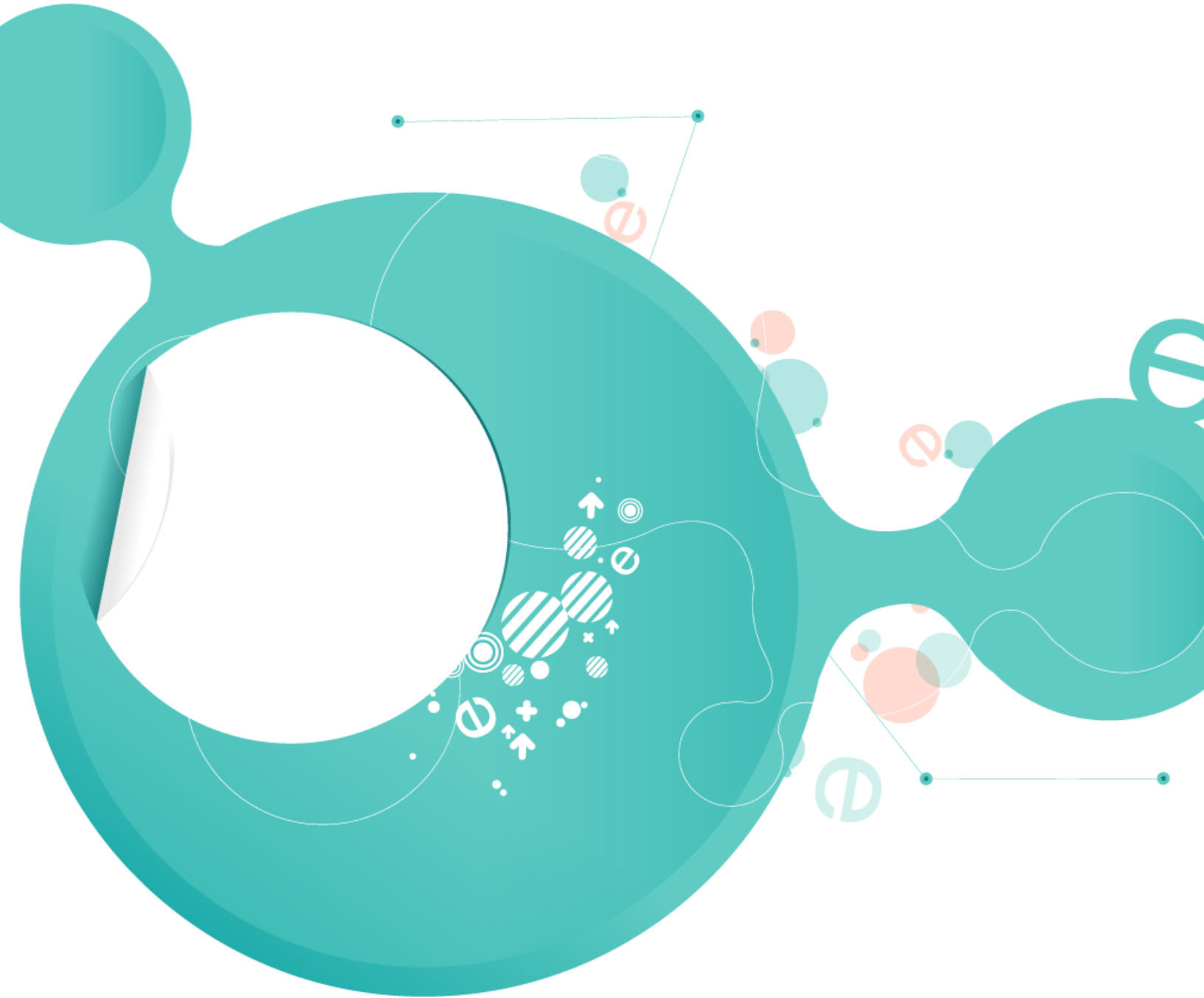


Mathematics for Economists

Tutorial Questions - Integration



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Tutorial 4: Integration

ECO4112F 2011

- $\int (x + 1)^{20} dx$
- $\int x\sqrt{x^2 + 5} dx$
- $\int 4x^2 (x^4 + 1)^2 dx$
- $\int 2xe^{x^2} dx$
- $\int (x^2 + 1) e^{x^3+3x} dx$
- $\int \frac{7}{x} dx$
- $\int \frac{(2x^3 + 3x)}{x^4 + 3x^2 + 7} dx$
- $\int \sqrt{2x - 1} dx$
- $\int e^{-x/4} dx$
- $\int (x^2 + 1)^2 dx$
- $\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$
- $\int \left[\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} \right] dx$
- $\int \sin(5x - 3) dx$
- $\int \frac{7}{3 - 2x} dx$
- $\int 2^{3-x} dx$
- $\int \frac{9x^2 + 5}{3x} dx$
- $\int \frac{3^{\ln x}}{x} dx$
- $\int \frac{x + 3}{x + 6} dx$
- $\int_{-1}^3 (3x^2 - x + 6) dx$
- $\int_0^1 e^{3t} dt$
- $\int_0^1 2x^2 (x^3 - 1)^3 dx$
- $\int_{-1}^1 \sqrt[3]{x^5} dx$
- $\int \sqrt{10^{3x}} dx$
- $\int \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}} dx$
- $\int_1^2 x \ln x dx$
- $\int xe^{x^2} dx$
- $\int x^2 e^{2x+1} dx$
- $\int xe^{-x} dx$
- $\int y^3 \ln y dy$
- $\int x\sqrt{x+1} dx$
- $\int_1^2 xe^{2x} dx$
- $\int (2x - 1) \ln(x - 1) dx$
- $\int e^x \sin x dx$
- $\int_1^e \sqrt{x} \ln(x^2) dx$

Tutorial 4: Integration
SELECTED SOLUTIONS

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1. $\int (x + 1)^{20} dx$

Easy

2. $\int x\sqrt{x^2 + 5} dx$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + 5)^{3/2}}{3} + C$$

3. $\int 4x^2 (x^4 + 1)^2 dx$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{x^{11}}{11} + \frac{2x^7}{7} + \frac{x^3}{3} \right) + C$$

4. $\int 2xe^{x^2} dx$

$$= e^{x^2} + C$$

5. $\int (x^2 + 1) e^{x^3+3x} dx$

$$= \frac{1}{3} e^{x^3+3x} + C$$

6. $\int \frac{7}{x} dx$

Easy

7. $\int \frac{(2x^3 + 3x)}{x^4 + 3x^2 + 7} dx$

Easy

8. $\int \sqrt{2x - 1} dx$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (2x - 1)^{3/2} + C$$

9. $\int e^{-x/4} dx$

...

10. $\int (x^2 + 1)^2 dx$

$$= \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + x + C$$

11. $\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

$$= 2e^{\sqrt{x}} + C$$

12. $\int \left[\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} \right] dx$

...

13. $\int \sin(5x - 3) dx$

$$= -\frac{\cos(5x - 3)}{5}$$

14. $\int \frac{7}{3 - 2x} dx$

Simple, but be careful of signs

15. $\int 2^{3-x} dx$

$$= -\frac{1}{\ln 2} 2^{3-x} + C$$

16. $\int \frac{9x^2 + 5}{3x} dx$

Hint: divide through

17. $\int \frac{3^{\ln x}}{x} dx$

$$= \frac{3^{\ln x}}{\ln 3} + C$$

18. $\int \frac{x + 3}{x + 6} dx$

Hint: rewrite the top and break up into two fractions ...

19. $\int_{-1}^3 (3x^2 - x + 6) dx$

$$= 48$$

20. $\int_0^1 e^{3t} dt$
 $= \frac{1}{3} (e^3 - 1)$
21. $\int_0^1 2x^2 (x^3 - 1)^3 dx$
 $= -\frac{1}{6}$
22. $\int_{-1}^1 \sqrt[3]{x^5} dx$
 $= 0$
23. $\int \sqrt{10^{3x}} dx$
 $= \frac{2\sqrt{10^{3x}}}{3 \ln 10} + C$
24. $\int \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}} dx$
 $= 2\sqrt{x} (\ln x - 2) + C$
25. $\int_1^2 x \ln x dx$
 $= 2 \ln 2 - \frac{3}{4}$
26. $\int x e^{x^2} dx$
 $= \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} + C$
27. $\int x^2 e^{2x+1} dx$
 $= \frac{e^{2x+1}}{2} (x^2 - x + \frac{1}{2}) + C$
28. $\int x e^{-x} dx$
 Easy, use by parts
29. $\int y^3 \ln y dy$
 $= \frac{y^4}{4} \left(\ln y - \frac{1}{4} \right) + C$
30. $\int x \sqrt{x+1} dx$
 $= \frac{2}{15} (x+1)^{3/2} (3x-2) + C$
31. $\int_1^2 x e^{2x} dx$
 $= \frac{1}{4} e^2 (3e^2 - 1)$
32. $\int (2x-1) \ln(x-1) dx$
 $= x(x-1) \ln(x-1) - \frac{x^2}{2} + C$
33. $\int e^x \sin x dx$
 Don't use by parts more than twice
34. $\int_1^e \sqrt{x} \ln(x^2) dx$
 Use by parts.

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$$\begin{aligned}\int \left[\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(1-x)^2} \right] dx &= \int \frac{1}{x-1} dx + \int \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} dx \\ &= \ln(x-1) + -(x-1)^{-1} + C\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}} dx &= \int (\ln x) (x^{-\frac{1}{2}}) dx \\ &= 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln x + A - \int 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{x} dx \\ &= 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln x + A - \int 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx \\ &= 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln x + A - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - B \\ &= 2\sqrt{x} (\ln x - 2) + C\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\int_1^2 x \ln x dx &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln x \Big|_1^2 - \int_1^2 \frac{1}{2} x^2 \frac{1}{x} dx \\ &= \left(2 \ln 2 - \frac{1}{2} \ln 1 \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^2 \Big|_1^2 \\ &= 2 \ln 2 - \frac{3}{4}\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\int_1^e \sqrt{x} \ln x^2 dx &= \int_1^e 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln x dx \\ &= \frac{4}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln x \Big|_1^e - \int_1^e \frac{4}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{x} dx \\ &= \frac{4}{3} e^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{8}{9} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_1^e \\ &= \frac{4}{3} e^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{8}{9} e^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8}{9} \\ &= \frac{4}{9} e^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{8}{9}\end{aligned}$$